Testing technologyindustry concordances using linked micro-level data on patents and firms

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# Better Technology-Industry Concordances

**Objective**: To know the likelihood that patented inventions with a given technology classification are associated with a given industry.

**Motivation:** To study industry-level economic dynamics of innovation, e.g. patenting and global value chains (Zolas and Lybbert, in prep.)

### **Prevailing Concordances:**

- 1. Algorithmic Links w/ Probabilities (ALP), Lybbert and Zolas (2014, Res. Policy)
- 2. DG concordance by Schmoch et al., 2003
- 3. Yale Technology Concordance (YTC) by Kortum and Putnam, 1997

## **Problems with existing approaches:**

- Labor intensive (combing through patent abstracts and applications)
- Not easy to automatically update
- Highly subjective

# Key Elements in Our Research

### We:

- Link patents (with technology classifiers) to industries by connecting patent applicants to the firm-level database (with associated industry classifiers).
  - Eliminates a significant amount of subjectivity.
- Propose a concordance using two large databases: PATSTAT and OECD-Orbis.

## Two possible approaches:

- <u>Direct calculation</u>: ratio between PATSTAT-Orbis matching patent family count with IPC4 "i" and linked to industry "j" and the raw PATSTAT patent family count with IPC4 "i".
- <u>Machine learning</u>: Regress industry classifiers on large set of IPC4 covariates (there are 643 possible IPC4 covariates). Use machine learning (Bayesian model averaging) to identify a subset of these covariates most likely to be associated with a given industry.

# Only a fraction of PATSTAT patents can be matched to firms in Orbis: sample still representative?

Figure 3: PATSTAT Patent Count Global Distribution

Raw

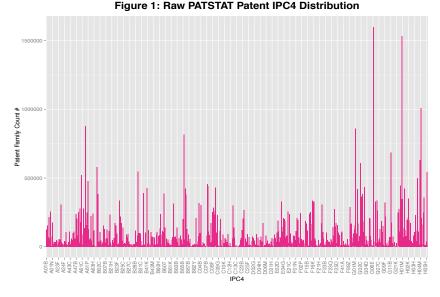
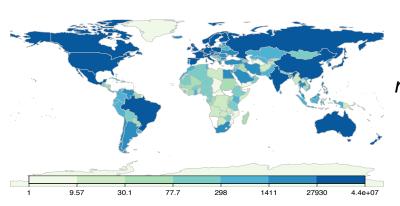
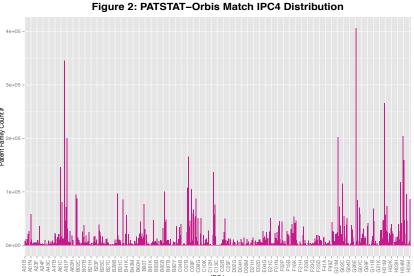


Figure 4: PATSTAT-Orbis Patent Count Global Distribution



Orbis matched



# Results: ALP evaluation & new concordances

#### **ALP Concordance Significance Test**

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#### Correlation b/w ROC and OBC



Correlation

0.75

0.50 0.25

Note: Number is each cell indicates the ISIC Code

Note: 1. Significance level is 0.05 2. Number is each cell indicates the ISIC Code

color Significant Non-Significant